Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

**Listing of Claims:** 

1. (Previously presented) A device in a wireless communication system, comprising:

a data processor operative to process at least one data block, received in a current update

interval and on at least one transport channel among a plurality of transport channels, and to

provide a status of each of the at least one data block; and

a controller operative to maintain a single signal quality (SIR) target for the plurality of

transport channels, without maintaining an individual SIR target for each transport channel, to

adjust the single SIR target based on the status of the at least one data block received in the

current update interval, and to use the single SIR target for power control of data transmission on

the plurality of transport channels.

2. (Original) The device of claim 1, wherein the controller is operative to increase the SIR

target based on an up step if any one of the at least one data block is an erased data block and to

decrease the SIR target based on a down step if all of the at least one data block are good data

blocks.

3. (Original) The device of claim 2, wherein each of the plurality of transport channels is

associated with a respective down step size, and wherein the up step is a fixed value and the

down step is set to a smallest down step size among down step sizes for transport channels with

erased data blocks in the current update interval.

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4. (Original) The device of claim 2, wherein the up step is set to a first value if an erased

block is received for a transport channel without an erased block in a prior update interval and set

to a second value otherwise, the first value being larger than the second value.

5. (Previously presented) An apparatus in a wireless communication system, comprising:

means for processing at least one data block, received in a current update interval and on

at least one transport channel among a plurality of transport channels, and providing a status of

each of the at least one data block;

means for maintaining a single signal quality (SIR) target for the plurality of transport

channels, without maintaining an individual SIR target for each transport channel;

means for adjusting the single SIR target based on the status of the at least one data block

received in the current update interval; and

means for using the single SIR target for power control of data transmission on the

plurality of transport channels.

6. (Previously presented) A device in a wireless communication system, comprising:

a data processor operative to process at least one data block, received in a current update

interval and on at least one transport channel among a plurality of transport channels, and to

provide a status of each of the at least one data block; and

a controller operative to maintain a single signal quality (SIR) target for the plurality of

transport channels, without maintaining an individual SIR target for each transport channel, to

increase the single SIR target if any one of the at least one data block received in the current

update interval is an erased data block, to decrease the single SIR target if all of the at least one

data block received in the current update interval are good data blocks, and to use the single SIR

target for power control of data transmission on the plurality of transport channels.

7. (Original) The device of claim 6, wherein each of the at least one transport channel is

associated with a respective block error rate (BLER) target, and wherein the controller is

operative to increase or decrease the SIR target to meet or exceed the BLER target for each of the

at least one transport channel.

8. (Original) The device of claim 6, wherein the controller is operative to increase the SIR

target by an up step having an adjustable size and to decrease the SIR target by a down step

having an adjustable size.

9. (Original) The device of claim 8, wherein the up step is set to a first value if an erased

block is received for a transport channel without an erased block in a prior update interval and set

to a second value otherwise, the first value being larger than the second value.

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10. (Original) The device of claim 6, wherein the controller is operative to increase the

SIR target by an up step having a fixed size and to decrease the SIR target by a down step having

an adjustable size.

11. (Original) The device of claim 10, wherein each of the plurality of transport channels

is associated with a respective down step size selectable as the down step used to decrease the

SIR target.

12. (Original) The device of claim 11, wherein the controller is further operative to set the

down step to a smallest down step size among down step sizes for transport channels with erased

data blocks in the current update interval.

13. (Original) The device of claim 11, wherein the down step size for each of the plurality

of transport channels is determined based on a block error rate (BLER) target and at least one

transport format selected for the transport channel.

14. (Original) The device of claim 6, wherein the controller is further operative to saturate

the SIR target to be within a predetermined range of values.

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15. (Original) The device of claim 6, wherein each of the at least one data block received in the current update interval is associated with a respective block duration, and wherein the current update interval is shorter than a longest block duration among the at least one data block received in the current update interval.

16. (Previously presented) A device in a wireless communication system, comprising:

a data processor operative to process at least one data block, received in a current update
interval and on at least one transport channel among a plurality of transport channels, and to
provide a status of each of the at least one data block; and

a controller operative to increase a signal quality (SIR) target by an up step if any one of the at least one data block received in the current update interval is an erased data block and to decrease the SIR target based on a down step and an adjustment duration if all of the at least one data block received in the current update interval are good data blocks, wherein the SIR target is used for power control of data transmission on the plurality of transport channels, wherein each of the at least one data block received in the current update interval is associated with a respective block duration, wherein the down step indicates an amount of adjustment to the SIR target per frame, and wherein the adjustment duration indicates the number of frames for which to apply the adjustment to the SIR target.

17. (Original) The device of claim 16, wherein the adjustment duration indicates the number of frames covered by a longest block duration among the at least one data block and for which an adjustment to the SIR target has not been made previously.

18. (Original) The device of claim 6, further comprising:

a transmit power control (TPC) processor operative to compare a received SIR for the data transmission against the SIR target and provide TPC commands used to adjust transmit power for the data transmission.

19. (Original) The device of claim 6, wherein the wireless communication system is a Code Division Multiple Access (CDMA) system.

20. (Previously presented) An apparatus in a wireless communication system, comprising: means for processing at least one data block received in a current update interval and on at least one transport channel among a plurality of transport channels;

means for determining a status of each of the at least one data block received in the current update interval as a good data block or an erased data block;

means for maintaining a single signal quality (SIR) target for the plurality of transport channels, without maintaining an individual SIR target for each transport channel;

means for increasing the single SIR target if any one of the at least one data block received in the current update interval is an erased data block;

means for decreasing the single SIR target if all of the at least one data block received in the current update interval are good data blocks; and

means for using the single SIR target for power control of data transmission on the plurality of transport channels.

21. (Currently Amended) A processor readable media for memory unit storing instructions operable executable by a processor in a wireless device to:

process at least one data block received in a current update interval and on at least one transport channel among a plurality of transport channels;

determine a status of each of the at least one data block received in the current update interval as a good data block or an erased data block;

maintain a single signal quality (SIR) target for the plurality of transport channels, without maintaining an individual SIR target for each transport channel;

increase the single SIR target if any one of the at least one data block received in the current update interval is an erased data block;

decrease the single SIR target if all of the at least one data block received in the current update interval are good data blocks; and

use the single SIR target for power control of data transmission on the plurality of transport channels.

22. (Previously presented) A method of adjusting a single signal quality (SIR) target used for power control of a data transmission in a wireless communication system, comprising:

processing at least one data block received in a current update interval and on at least one transport channel among a plurality of transport channels;

determining a status of each of the at least one data block received in the current update interval as a good data block or an erased data block;

maintaining the single SIR target for the plurality of transport channels, without maintaining an individual SIR target for each transport channel;

increasing the single SIR target if any one of the at least one data block received in the current update interval is an erased data block; and

decreasing the single SIR target if all of the at least one data block received in the current update interval are good data blocks.

23. (Previously presented) A device in a wireless communication system, comprising:

a data processor operative to process at least one data block received in a current update interval and on at least one transport channel among a plurality of transport channels and to provide a status of each of the at least one data block; and

a controller operative to maintain a single signal quality (SIR) target for the plurality of transport channels, without maintaining an individual SIR target for each transport channel, to increase the single SIR target based on an up step if any one of the at least one data block received in the current update interval is an erased data block, to decrease the single SIR target based on a down step if all of the at least one data block received in the current update interval are good data blocks, to update the down step if any one of the at least one data block received in the current update interval is an erased data block, and to use the single SIR target for power control of data transmission on the plurality of transport channels.

24. (Previously presented) An apparatus in a wireless communication system, comprising: means for processing at least one data block received in a current update interval and on at least one transport channel among a plurality of transport channels;

means for determining a status of each of the at least one data block received in the current update interval as a good data block or an erased data block;

means for maintaining a single signal quality (SIR) target for the plurality of transport channels, without maintaining an individual SIR target for each transport channel;

means for increasing the single SIR target based on an up step if any one of the at least one data block received in the current update interval is an erased data block;

means for decreasing the single SIR target based on a down step if all of the at least one data block received in the current update interval are good data blocks;

means for updating the down step if any one of the at least one data block received in the current update interval is an erased data block; and

means for using the single SIR target for power control of data transmission on the plurality of transport channels.

25. (Previously presented) A method of adjusting a single signal quality (SIR) target used for power control of a data transmission in a wireless communication system, comprising:

receiving at least one data block in a current update interval on at least one transport channel among a plurality of transport channels;

determining a status of each of the at least one data block received in the current update interval as a good data block or an erased data block;

maintaining the single SIR target for the plurality of transport channels, without maintaining an individual SIR target for each transport channel;

increasing the single SIR target based on an up step if any one of the at least one data block received in the current update interval is an erased data block;

decreasing the single SIR target based on a down step if all of the at least one data block received in the current update interval are good data blocks; and

updating the down step if any one of the at least one data block received in the current update interval is an erased data block.

26. (Previously presented) A method of controlling transmit power for wireless communication, comprising:

receiving at least one data block in a current update interval on at least one transport channel among a plurality of transport channels;

determining a status of each of the at least one data block received in the current update interval;

maintaining a single signal quality (SIR) target for the plurality of transport channels, without maintaining an individual SIR target for each transport channel;

adjusting the single SIR target based on the status of the at least one data block received in the current update interval; and

using the single SIR target for power control of data transmission on the plurality of transport channels.

27. (Previously presented) The method of claim 26, wherein the adjusting the single SIR target comprises:

increasing the SIR target based on an up step if any one of the at least one data block is an erased data block, and

decreasing the SIR target based on a down step if all of the at least one data block are good data blocks.

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Amendment dated October 9,2009

Reply to Ex parte Quayle Action of September 9, 2009

28. (Previously presented) The method of claim 27, wherein each of the plurality of

transport channels is associated with a respective down step size, and wherein the up step is a

fixed value and the down step is set to a smallest down step size among down step sizes for

transport channels with erased data blocks in the current update interval.

29. (Previously presented) The method of claim 27, wherein the up step is set to a first

value if an erased block is received for a transport channel without an erased block in a prior

update interval and set to a second value otherwise, the first value being larger than the second

value.

30. (Previously presented) The method of claim 22, wherein the increasing the single SIR

target comprises increasing the single SIR target by an up step having an adjustable size, and

wherein the decreasing the single SIR target comprises decreasing the single SIR target by a

down step having an adjustable size.

31. (Previously presented) The method of claim 22, wherein the increasing the single SIR

target comprises increasing the single SIR target by an up step having a fixed size, and wherein

the decreasing the single SIR target comprises decreasing the single SIR target by a down step

having an adjustable size.

32. (Previously presented) The method of claim 22, further comprising:

saturating the single SIR target to be within a predetermined range of values.

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33. (currently amended) A machine readable medium comprising instructions memory unit storing codes, which, when executed by a machine processor, cause the machine processor in a wireless communication system to perform operations, the instructions codes comprising:

instructions code to process at least one data block, received in a current update interval and on at least one transport channel among a plurality of transport channels, and providing a status of each of the at least one data block;

instructions code to maintain a single signal quality (SIR) target for the plurality of transport channels, without maintaining an individual SIR target for each transport channel;

instructions code to adjust the single SIR target based on the status of the at least one data block received in the current update interval; and

instructions code to use the single SIR target for power control of data transmission on the plurality of transport channels.